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Module No.	Questions along with Options	Answer key
	IPv6 uses-	
	a. 128-bit address	
M-1	b. 64-bitaddress	a
	c. 32-bit address	
	d. 16-bit address	
	IETF stands for-	
	a. International Engineering Task Force	
M-1	b. International Engineering Telecommunication Force	С
	c. Internet Engineering Task Force	
	d. Internet Engineering Telecommunication Force	
	Protocol 802.3 Ethernet is-	
	a. Network layer protocol	
M-1	b. Transport layer protocol	d
	c. Application layer protocol	
	d. Link layer protocol	
	The HTTP protocol follows-	
	a. Request-Response Model	
M-1	b. Public-Subscribe Model	a
	c. Push-Pull Model	
	d. Exclusive Pair Model	
	Which of the following standard is the collection of wireless local area	
	network (WLAN)?	
M-1	a. IEEE802.3-Ethernet	С
	b. IEEE802.16-WiMax	
	c. IEEE 802.11-WiFi	

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	d. IEEE 802.15.4	
	In comparison with the OSI model , IETF model has data adaption layer in place of –	
	a. Transport layer	
M-1	b. Network layer	d
	c. Session layer	
	d. Data-link layer	
	The conceptual framework for IoT Applications and Services is-	
	a. Gather+Enrich+Stream	
M-1	b. Gather+Enrich+Stream+(Manage+Acquire)	d
	c. Gather+Enrich+Stream+(Manage+Acquire+ Organise)	
	d. Gather+Enrich+Stream+(Manage+Acquire+ Organise+Analyse)	
	With respect to IoT Challenges, which of the following option majorly applies?	
	a. Compatibility	
M-1	b. Security	b
	c. Network Connectivity	
	d. Continuity	
	The main function of an IoT gateway can be summarised as :	
	a. Forwarding packets between LAN and WAN on IP layer.	
M-1	b. Performing application layer functions between IoT nodes and other entities	а
	c. Enabling local, short-range communication between IoT devices.	
	d. Only for short-range communication between IoT devices.	
	Open Flow protocol is implemented on-	
M-1	a. Both sides of the interface between the application and the network devices	d
	b. One side of the interface between the controller and the network	

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	devices	
	c. One side of the interface between the application and the network devices	
	d. Both sides of the interface between the controller and the network devices	
	Service Oriented Architecture of IoT consists of i) sensing layer ii) network layer iii) service layer iv) Interface layer	
	a. i, ii, iii & iv	
M-2	b. i,& ii only	а
	c. i, & iii only	
	d. i, ii & iii	
	Which is a lightweight protocol in terms of overhead?	
	a. MQTT	а
M-2	b. HTTP c. CoAP	
	d. SPI	
	MQTT is designed to provide connectivity between	
	(i) Application and middle-ware on one side and network and communication on other side	a
	(ii) Application and middle-ware only	
	(iii) Communication and network only	
M-2	iv) Network and Transport	
	a. i	
	b. ii	
	c. iii	
	d. iv	
	MQTT components are i) Publisher ii) Subscriber iii) Broker	
M-2	a. i only	
	b. i & ii only	d
L	J	<u> </u>

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	c. i & iii only	
	d. i, ii & iii	
M-2	MQTT supports which transport layer protocol  a. UDP b. TCP c. UDP and TCP both d. Neither UDP nor TCP	b
M-2	which protocol is useful for real time exchange of structured data?  a. CoAP b. XMPP c. MQTT d. HTPP	b
M-2	<ul> <li>a. WebSocket enables unidirectional communication over a single UDP connection</li> <li>b. WebSocket enables bidirectional communication over a single UDP connection</li> <li>c. WebSocket enables bidirectional communication over a single TCP connection</li> <li>d. WebSocket enables unidirectional communication over a single TCP connection</li> </ul>	С
M-2	Scalability, as one of the challenges in IoT involve, i) Flexibility within Internet ii) IoT integration iii) Large Scale deployment iv) Real time connectivity of billions of devices  a. i, ii, iii & iv  b. i & ii only  c. i & iii only  d. i, ii & iii	а
M-2	Operating frequency of Z-Wave protocol is  a. 865.2 KHz b. 113.65 KHz c. 865.2 MHz d. 1000 MHz	С
M-2	Fully Functional Devices (FFD) and Reduced Functional Devices (RFD) are used in network based on which protocol	d

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	T -	
	a. Zwave	
	b. LPWAN	
	c. Bluetooth	
	d. 802.15.4	
	Reduced Functional Devices (RFD) include i) PAN Coordinator, ii) Router	С
	and iii) Devices	
M-2	a. i & ii	
	b. i,ii&iii	
	c. ii & iii	
	d. only iii	
	NFC's data transmission frequency is	а
N 4 2	a. 13.65 MHz	
M-2	b. 13.65 KHz	
	c. 100 KHz	
	d. 100 MHz	
	Bluetooth technology is based on Ad-hoc technology known as	b
	a. Internet	
M-2	b. Piconet	
	c. Micronet	
	d. Intranet	
M-2	Piconet can contain up toslaves clustered around a single	d
	master	
	master	
	a. 10	
	b. 20	
	c. 100	
	d. 7	
M-2	Consumer IoT has which of the following features i) an IoT device	b
IVI-Z		
	connects within locally networked devices. ii) Local Communication	
	done mainly via Bluetooth, Zigbee, Wifi. iii) Generally limited to	
	communication by Gateway	
	a. i & ii	
	b. i,ii&iii	
	c. ii & iii	
	d. only iii	
M-3	The first step in IoT design methodology is to define the -	b
	a. purpose and future scope	
	b. purpose and requirements	
	c. purpose and advantages	
	d. purpose and specification	
M-3	In IoT design methodology the fourth step defines the attributes of	d
	a. resource	
	b. specification	
	c. domain model	
	or domain model	

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	d. virtual entities	
M-3	is 9 <sup>th</sup> step involved in IoT Design Methodology.	d
	a. Service specification	
	b. Functional view specification	
	c. IoT level Specification	
	d. Device & Component Integration	
M-3	This IoT deployment level is suitable for modelling low-cost and low-	а
141-3	complexity solutions where the data involved is not big and the analysis	a
	requirements are not computationally intensive	
	a. IoT level 1	
	b. IoT level 2	
	c. IoT level 3	
	d. IoT level4	
M-3	This IoT deployment level is suitable for solutions where the data	а
	involved is with less computationally intensive analysis	
	a. IoT level 2	
	b. IoT level 1	
	c. IoT level 3	
	d. IoT level 4	
M-3	Smart Irrigation can be designed for IoT level	d
	a. IoT Level 3	
	b. IoT level 1	
	c. IoT level 4	
	d. IoT level 2	
M-3	Smart cities can be conceptualized as	а
	a. IoT level 4	
	b. IoT level 3	
	c. IoT level 5	
	d. IoT level 2	
M-3	If the system uses multi-input data sources and cloud platform, then IoT	b
141-3	deployment level will be	
	a. IoT level 2	
	b. IoT level 5	
	c. IoT level 4	
	d. IoT level 1	
	Example of Relation database is	а
	a) BootCraSOI	
M-4	a) PostGreSQL,	
	b) HBase	
	c) MongoDB	
	d) CouchDB	
	SQL is a language for:	а
	, <u>.</u>	
	a) Data querying, updating, inserting, appending and	
	deleting the databases	
M-4	b) Digital Control Systems	
	c) Industrial Automation & Process Control	
	d) Image Processing in IOT	
		1

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		Τ.
M-4	In DBMS, if transactions between different tables are secluded from each other then we call it as  a) Atomicity b) Isolation c) Durability d) Consistency	b
M-4	In Berkeley Data Analytics Stack Structure OLAP is part of  a) Business Analytics and Intelligence Applications layer b) Analytics Applications Support layer c) Organized data store layer d) Data Link layer	a
M-4	cloud Computing model is everything as amodel  a) Operating  b) Service  c) Process  d) Data storing	b
M-4	Tata Communication 10 X, Apple, and Cisco data storage platforms are example of  a) laaS  b) DaaS  c) PaaS  d) SaaS	b
M-4	Feature of Device Hub is  a) Distributed Computing  b) Open source middleware  c) Web based IDE  d) Open source backbone	d
M-4	Software architectural concept that enables deployment and development of applications and offers services using web and SOA is a) SAAS	С

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	b) PAAS	
	c) XAAS	
	d) DAAS	
	Analytics architecture Reference Model consists of how many layers?	С
M-4	a) 7 b) 3	
	c) 4	
	d) 5	
	Which of the following runs faster on column format i.e. more rows & fewer columns	a
M-4	a) OLAP b) MQTT	
	c) OLTP	
	d) REST For IoT cloud-based services,communicates feeds on	a
	requests, triggers, and subscriptions.	
	a) server	
M-4	b) client	
	c) broker	
	d) Cloud	
	Who uses these services -"Pay As You Go"?	b
	a) Cloud Providers	
M-4	b) Cloud users	
	c) End users	
	d) Clients	
	Data processing, data management and resource management are	а
	Layers of which Stack?	
M-4	<ul><li>a) Berkeley Data Analytics Stack</li><li>b) Bluetooth Protocol Stack</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>b) Bluetooth Protocol Stack</li><li>c) IEEE 802.11</li></ul>	
	d) ISO OSI Model Log, Event & twitter are examples of:	С
M-4		
	a) Layers	

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	b) Stacks c) Streams d) Queries	
	Computing that pushes the frontier of computing applications, data, and services away from centralized nodes to IoT data generating nodes, that means at logical extremes of the network	d
M-4	a) Utility Computing b) Web Computing	
	c) Distributed Computing	
	d) Edge Computing	
	Architecture infrastructure layer used as a front end in Cloud computing is	а
	a) client	
M-4	b) cloud	
	c) soft	
	d) top	
	Licensed version of Microsoft 365 used within organizations only is an example of cloud	С
	a) Hybrid	
M-4	b) Public	
	c) Private	
	d) Community	
	User application, service or process access to resources appearing as just one network, though in fact the network access to the resources may be through multiple resources and networks, is called	b
M-4	<ul><li>a) cloud network</li><li>b) network function virtualization</li><li>c) application virtualization</li><li>d) Internet access.</li></ul>	
	IoT Cloud services can be provided through	С
M-4	a) server applications	

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	b) desktop applications	
	c) web applications	
	d) devices	
	Simple equation considered for Cloud Computing is	b
	a) ICT + IoT + AI + ML	
M-4	b) SaaS + PaaS + IaaS + DaaS	
	c) PaaS + HaaS + SaaS + FaaS	
	d) DBMS + AWS IoT + PLC + M2M	
M-5	Arrange the following events sequentially (starting from the first step to	
	the last) for sending data from client to server using sockets and saving it?	
	1 Create a client and server	
	2 Establish connection between the two	
	3 Send data from the client to the server	
	4 Save the data in a file	
		а
	a. 1-2-3-4	
	b. 1-3-4-2	
	c. 3-2-4-1	
	d. 3-1-2-4	
M-5	How power supply is given to Raspberry Pi?	
	a. USB Connection	
	b. Internal battery	а
	c. Charger	
	d. Adapter	
M-5	The function of the command "netstat" is	
	a. Print name of the present working directory	
	b. Print lines matching a pattern	d
	c. Print file	
N4 F	d. Print network connections, routing tables, interface statistics	
M-5	The smallest change which a sensor can detect is called the	
	a. Resolution	а
	b. Accuracy	
		1

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	c. Precision d. Scale	
M-5	A UART device sendsbits for each 8 bit data (character or digit or	
	command) at successive intervals	
	a. 8	
	b. 9	С
	c. 10	
	d. 11	
M-5	A Raspberry Pi is connected to a LED as shown in the figure.	
	What is the output of the following Python program?	
	import RPi.GPIO as GPIO	
	import time	
	import time	
	GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)	
	GPIO.setup(18,GPIO.OUT)	С
	while True:	
	GPIO.output (18,True)	
	time.sleep(1)	
	GPIO.output(18,False)	
	time.sleep (1)	
	a. LED Blinking after a delay of 1 nanosecond	
	b. LED Blinking after a delay of 1 microsecond	
	c. LED Blinking after a delay of 1 second	
	d. LED Blinking after a delay of 1 minute	
M-5	The components of RFID system are	
	a Transceiver, data processing subsystem, middleware, applications	
	and services	
	b. Reader, data processing subsystem, middleware, applications and	d
	services	
	c. Transceiver, reader, data processing subsystem	
	d. Transceiver, reader, data processing subsystem, middleware,	
	applications and services	

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M-5	Middleware in RFID consists of	
	<ul> <li>a. Identity manager, device manager, data router, analyser</li> <li>b. Identity manager, device manager, storage and database server and services</li> <li>c. Identity manager, data router, analyser, storage and database server and services</li> <li>d. Identity manager, device manager, data router, analyser, storage and database server and services</li> </ul>	d
M-5	The main source of power consumption in wireless sensor networks is due to a. Sensing b. Transmitting c. Processing d. Storing	b
M-5	Sensors use the parameters of i)resistance, ii)capacitance, iii)reverse diode saturation current, iv) saturation current between collector-emitter in photo-transistor, v) current in LED, vi) Piezo electric current and vii) magnetic field variation with time for sensing the physical environment or conditions.  a. i and ii b. i to vi c. i to iv d. all except v	d
M-5	Distance of a car in front is measured by measuring the delay of i) ultrasonic pulses echoed back, ii) microwaves reflected, iii) infrared reflected, iv) light reflected and v) image from the car in front a. i to iii b. iv c. i d. v	С
M-6	is the IoT level suitable for simple home automation application. a) IoT Level 2 b) IoT Level 1 c) IoT Level 3 d) IoT Level 4	b
M-6	Entities, devices, resources and services are described in a) Process Model Specification b) Domain Model Specification c) Service Specification d) Information Model	b
M-6	The Mode service is aweb service that sets mode to auto or manual.  a) IoT Level 6 b) IoT Level 4 c) RESTful d) IoT Level 5	С
M-6	In smart car parking system ,are used to detect whether the slot is empty or occupied.  a)LCD	С

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	h) I CDo	
	b) LEDs	
	c)Sensors	
N 4 C	d)Displays	 
M-6	refers to a service using web protocols, web objects or	b
	WebSockets.	
	a)Cloud computing	
	b)Web service	
	c)PasS	
	d)lasS	1
M-6	Connected platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) clouds are	d
	a.M2M	
	b. WiMAX	
	c. LPWAN	
	d. CIOT	
M-6	Which of the following is a social and legal challenge of IoT in smart	d
	cities?	
	a. Message Queuing Telemetry Transport	
	b. CIOT	
	c. LPWAN	
	d. Services based on user provided information may be subject to local	
	or international laws.	
M-6	Weather monitoring system is based implementation	d
	a. HTTP	
	b. Web socket	
	c. Both REST & Web Socket	
	d. REST	
M-6	Web Socket implementation is done using framework.	b
	a. Django REST	
	b. Autobahn	
	c. Both Django & Autobahn	
	d. only with websocket	
M-6	use IoT devices & soil moisture sensors to determine the amount	b
	of moisture in the soil.	
	a. Smart farming	
	b. Smart Irrigation system	
	c. Weather monitoring system	
	d. Soil monitoring system	
M-6	A supply chain monitoring system is	С
•	a. SCMS	
	b. SMS	
	c. SCOVARS	
	d. RFID	
M-6	loT system needs designing for which of following layers	а
IVI-O	layer1:Physical object(s),sensor(s),and or actuators	
	layer2:Intranet,internet or mobile service provider	
	layer3:controller and monitor	
	layer 4: Aquire at server or cloud and organize	
	a.layer 1,2,3	
	b.layer 1,2	
	c.layer 1	
	Clayer 1	1

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	d.All layers	
M-6	Weather monitoring system mostly usecontroller and	d
	sensors	
	a. 8051 and LM 35	
	b. ARM and LM 35	
	c. Arduino and DHT11	
	d. Raspberry Pi and DHT 11	
M-6	refers to a platform which functions and renders services on	С
	virtually any business domain.	
	a)Device agent	
	b)Multi-tenant	
	c) Domain agnostic	
	d) Concurrent Versions System	
M-6	client refers to a software client for revision control for a	d
	development software	
	a)Device agent	
	b)Multi-tenant	
	c) Domain agnostic	
	d) Concurrent Versions System	
M-6	refers to creation of dashboard.	b
	a) Device agent	
	b) Infographic	
	c) Domain agnostic	
	d) Multi-tenant	